

FARAPULSE™ Pulsed Field Ablation System

Get back to the beat you were born with.





FARAPULSE is the next generation of cardiac ablation that safely treats the source of AFib symptoms.

200,000+

PEOPLE WITH AFIB HAVE FOUND THEIR RHYTHM AGAIN.

AFib doesn't just disrupt
the rhythm of your heart. It
disrupts the rhythm of your
life. FARAPULSE™ Pulsed Field
Ablation can help you get back
to the beat you were born with,
safely and effectively.

FARAPULSE is an advanced, minimally invasive cardiac ablation procedure that uses quick pulses of electrical energy to precisely target the source of irregular heartbeats. Many people are able to experience life without AFib symptoms,¹ and also without AFib medications that can come with their own unpleasant side effects.²



PEOPLE SHOWED
NO RETURNING
AFIB SYMPTOMS
AT ONE YEAR AFTER
THE PROCEDURE.3*

"I don't have to take an antiarrhythmic and I'm very, very pleased about that. I'm not superman... but I'm like I was 10 or 15 years ago. It's made a life-changing difference for me."

—Michael, treated with FARAPULSE

Life with AFib can be challenging.

AFib symptoms—like racing heartbeat, dizziness, shortness of breath, weakness and fatigue—can be disruptive. And while medications may help manage heart rate and rhythm, they don't always relieve symptoms, nor do they treat AFib's root cause.

Did you know? AFib can naturally worsen over time. This is called AFib progression.

At first, you may have occasional AFib episodes with symptoms that come and go, but last less than a week. This is known as paroxysmal AFib. Even with medication, it may progress to persistent AFib, where episodes last longer than a week and usually require treatment to help restore a normal heart rhythm. It's possible for paroxysmal AFib to progress to persistent AFib in as little as a year.⁴

Why it's important to be proactive about progression.

The more time your heart spends in AFib, the higher the risk of blood clots, stroke and heart failure.⁵ Cardiac ablation has been shown to be the most effective treatment for slowing AFib progression.^{6,7}

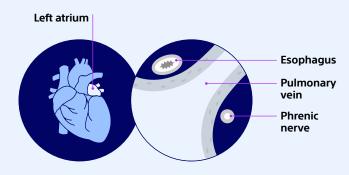


If you're struggling with AFib symptoms on medication, talk with your doctor about cardiac ablation.

Studies have shown that people who have an ablation earlier were more likely to have better symptom control, less AFib over time, and a lower risk of complications compared with those who waited.^{8,9}

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FARAPULSE™ is the next generation of safe, effective cardiac ablation.



How cardiac ablation works.

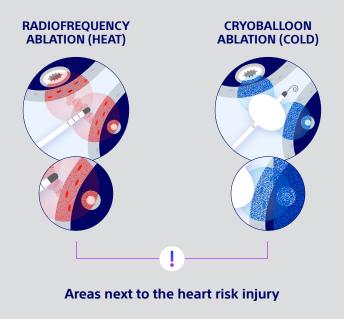
esophagus.

This minimally invasive procedure treats the areas inside the heart where irregular rhythms begin.

Next to the heart is an important nerve and the

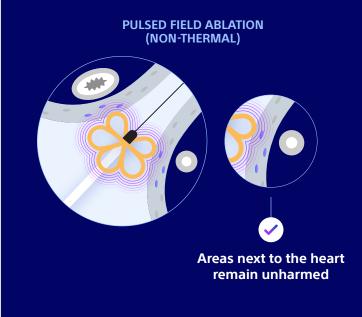
TRADITIONAL CARDIAC ABLATION

Thermal energy burns or freezes tissue in the heart causing irregular beats, but may damage surrounding areas as well.



FARAPULSE PULSED FIELD ABLATION (PFA)

Quick pulses of electrical energy target the cells that cause irregular heartbeats, without affecting nearby areas.



RESULTS FROM FARAPULSE STUDIES SHOWED:





OF PEOPLE WERE VERY SATISFIED WITH AFIB SYMPTOM RELIEF.¹¹¹

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FARAPULSE[™] has safety at heart.

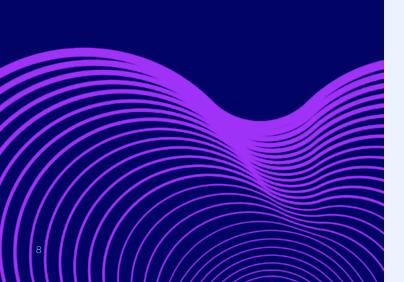
It's the most studied pulsed field ablation procedure in the world and has the largest safety registry.¹⁰ Studies show it significantly reduces and even eliminates AFib episodes for many people, safely and effectively.^{3*}



OF PEOPLE WORRIED LESS ABOUT AFIB AFTER FARAPULSE.^{1,11}

I no longer have to consider whether I'll have the energy to ride my bike for a few miles or walk for a few blocks.

—Jeana, treated with FARAPULSE



Get to know the FARAPULSE procedure.

FARAPULSE is a minimally invasive procedure, meaning it doesn't involve open-heart surgery. It is also safe, with a complication rate of less than 2.1%.¹

A small cut is made in the upper leg and a narrow tube is inserted.



A catheter is guided through the tube into the left atrium of the heart.



The small, flower-shaped device at the end of the catheter sends energy pulses to stop AFib from continuing.



Most people experience little or no discomfort during or after FARAPULSE, and return home in a day or less.³



There are risks associated with all medical procedures. Talk with your doctor about the risks and benefits associated with the FARAPULSE procedure.

Get back to the beat you were born with.

Restoring the rhythm of your heart also restores the rhythm of your life. FARAPULSE™ is a safe and effective solution that has already relieved hundreds of thousands of people from the worry, disruption and discomfort caused by their AFib symptoms.

A year after the procedure:

BOTHERED BY AFIB SYMPTOMS^{1,11}

SAID AFIB NO LONGER **LIMITED THEIR LIFE^{1,11}**



Talk with your doctor about FARAPULSE, including its risks and benefits.

If medications aren't working to manage your AFib and you're interested in learning more about the FARAPULSE procedure, your doctor understands your health situation best and can help guide you.

HAD LITTLE TO NO TROUBLE STAYING ACTIVE^{1,11}

REPORTED THEIR **ABILITY TO ENJOY RECREATION, SPORTS AND HOBBIES** IMPROVED^{1,11}

Could FARAPULSE be right for you? Take a short guiz and get more information. Just snap the QR code.



farapulse.com/survey



are here with support. **Our Education Specialists**

We can help answer your questions about the FARAPULSE procedure.

Call 1-855-442-7725

For more information visit FARAPULSE.com

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Important Safety Information

The FARAPULSE™ Pulsed Field Ablation (PFA) System is intended for the isolation of the pulmonary veins in the treatment of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation by rendering targeted cardiac tissue electrically non-conductive to prevent cardiac arrhythmia initiation or maintenance. With all medical procedures there are risks associated with the use of the device. The risks include but are not limited to pain or discomfort, electric shock, hypotension, infection/inflammation, allergic reaction, anesthesia risk, radiation injury/ tissue burn, heart failure, renal failure, respiratory distress, arrhythmia, nerve injury (such as phrenic nerve or vagal nerve), gastrointestinal disorders, vessel trauma, cardiac trauma (such as perforation), injury related to adjacent structures (esophageal injury, atrio-esophageal fistula, pulmonary injury), pulmonary vein stenosis, surgical and access complications, muscle spasm, injury due to blood clot or air bubbles in the lungs or other organs, heart attack, TIA, stroke, and/or damage to red blood cells. In rare cases, cardiac arrest or death may occur. Be sure to talk with your doctor so that you thoroughly understand all of the risks and benefits associated with the procedure and use of the device. EP-1801404-AA

1. Reddy VY, Gerstenfeld EP, Natale A, et al. Pulsed field or conventional thermal ablation for paroxysmal atrial fibrillation. New England Journal of Medicine 2023; Nov2; 389(18): 1660-1671. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa2307291 2. National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute. Atrial Fibrillation Treatment. National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute. Updated November 30, 2022. Accessed March 4, 2025. https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/ health/atrial-fibrillation/treatment 3. Turagam MK, Neuzil P, Schmidt B, et al. Safety and effectiveness of pulsed field ablation to treat atrial fibrillation: one-year outcomes from the MANIFEST-PF registry. Circulation. 2023 May 18;148(1):35-46. 4. Proietti R, Rivard L, Coffey JO, et al. A systematic review on the progression of paroxysmal to persistent atrial fibrillation: shedding new light on the effects of catheter ablation. JACC Clin Electrophysiol. 2015;1(3):105–115. 5. Shah AJ, Hocini M, Komatsu Y, et al. The Progressive Nature of Atrial Fibrillation: A Rationale for Early Restoration and Maintenance of Sinus Rhythm. J Atr Fibrillation. 2013;6(2):849. Published 2013 Aug 31. doi:10.4022/jafib.849 6. Kuck KH, Lebedev DS, Mikhaylov EN, et al. Catheter ablation or medical therapy to delay progression of atrial fibrillation: the randomized controlled atrial fibrillation progression trial (ATTEST). Europace. 2021 Mar 8;23(3):362-369. doi:10.1093/europace/ euaa298. PMID: 33330909; PMCID: PMC7947582. 7. Benali K, et al. Catheter ablation of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation and disease progression: magnitude of the antiprogression effect and role of intervention timing. Heart Rhythm. 2025;0(0). 8. Gunawardene MA, Willems S. Atrial fibrillation progression and the importance of early treatment for improving clinical outcomes. *Europace*. 2022;24(Suppl 2):ii22-ii28. doi:10.1093/europace/ euab257 9. 2023 ACC Guidelines. Circulation 2024;149e156. Access at https://www. ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/CIR.0000000000001193 10. Ekanem E, Neuzil P, Reichlin T, et al. Safety of pulsed field ablation in more than 17,000 patients with atrial fibrillation in the MANIFEST-17K study. Nat Med. 30, 2020-2029 (2024). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-024-03114-3 11. Boston Scientific. Data on file. 2025

*In a clinical trial 81.6% of people with paroxysmal AFib had no atrial fibrillation, atrial flutter or atrial tachycardia after a single ablation procedure at 12 months. †In a clinical trial the major adverse event rate was 0.98% (n=17,642). Due to the retrospective nature of the registry, the adverse event rate was not reported at a prespecified time point. Serious adverse events include atrioesophageal fistula, pulmonary vein stenosis, or persistent phrenic nerve injury.



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